The case of a 3-year-old girl with acute abdomen after ‘mild abdominal trauma’ is reported. The child was pushed by a car reversing on slow speed in the driveway. The parents recollected that the incident was not remarkable. It was only 18 h after the incident that the child complained of abdominal pain and was presented to our emergency department. Clinical examination revealed a somnolent child without injury marks or abdominal distention. An emergency ultrasound demonstrated small pockets of fluids scattered in the abdomen and complete absence of bowel movements.

The decision to perform an emergency laparotomy was taken. As the abdomen was explored, inflammation along with fibrin covering along the entire length of the bowel was found (fig. 1). Bile was found in the pockets of fluid between the intestinal loops. There were no signs of injury to the liver or the gall bladder. The entire bowel was examined for signs of injury or perforation. A complete rupture of the duodenum just proximal to the vertebral column was located, without any signs of injury to the neighboring parenchymatous organs (fig. 2). The ruptured duodenum was anastomosed using 4-0 vicryl. The postoperative course was uneventful.