Further Section

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Franz J. Kallmann 1897-1965

J.D.

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A native of Silesia (Germany) and the son of a distinguished physician, Dr. KALLMANN received his medical degree from the University of Breslau in 1919. His teachers included such outstanding German psychiatrists as ALZHEIMER, BONHOEFFER, BUMKE, CREUTZFELDT, KRAEPELIN and RÜDIN. Following his training at the Psychiatric and Forensic Institutes of the Universities of Breslau and Berlin, the Max Planck Institute of Psychiatry in Munich and the Berlin Psychoanalytic Institute, he was the director of the neuro-pathological laboratories of the State Hospitals Berlin-Herzberge and Berlin-Wuhlgarten for seven years before he joined the staff of the New York State Psychiatric Institute in 1936.

During the more than 25 years of his association with this Institute, Dr. KALLMANN built its Department of Medical Genetics from smallest beginnings into a widely known research Organization, the only one of this specialized variety in the United States. At the time of his death on May 12, 1965, he was serving as Chief of Psychiatric Research (Medical Genetics) at the New York State Psychiatric Institute and also as Professor Emeritus of Psychiatry (Genetics) at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University. In this capacity, he conducted a number of statewide twin studies in relation to various forms of mental disorder and mental defect, aging and longevity and pulmonary tuberculosis, and developed what is now known as the "twin family method". The results of these studies have been reported in two monographs, "The Genetics of Schizo-phrenia" (1938) and "Heredity in Health and Mental Disorder" (1953) and in over 150 other contributions to scientific books and Journals, including two recently published monographs edited or co-edited by Dr. KALLMANN, "Expanding Goals of Genetics in Psychi-

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atry" (1962) and "Family and Mental Health Problems in a Deaf Population" (1963).

In 1952, Dr. KALLMANW was awarded the Thomas William Salmon Memorial Lectureship of the New York Academy of Medicine and served as president of the American Society of Human Genetics. In 1956 and 1961, he helped to organize the

First and Second International Congresses of Human Genetics in Copenhagen and Rome, re-spectively, and in 1957 he received an honorary medical degree from the University of Torino. In 1960 he was awarded the Samuel W. Hamilton Medal of the American Psychopathological Association, and in 1961 he received special gold medals of the Medical School in Salerno (Italy) and of the Eastern Psychiatric Research Association in New York. In addition to his membership in numerous national and international scientific societies, he was a diplomate of the American Board of Psychiatry, a fellow of the New York Academy of Medicine, the chairman of the Permanent Committee for International Congresses of Human Genetics, and the president of the American Psychopathological Association and the Eastern Psychiatric Research Association.

B. Born on July 24

1897 in Neumarkt (Silesia)

Dr. KALLMANN was married to Helen J. Burger since 1922.