Erratum

Sir,
I wish to indicate an error in the Editorial that I wrote on ‘Long-Term Risks of Acute Pyelonephritis’ in the March issue of Nephron [1]. I mentioned Dr. James A. Roberts’ experimental work in the primate and indicated that he had induced acute Escherichia coli renal infection in the marmoset. In fact, his studies have not been done in this New World monkey, as this species has less receptors for P-fimbriated E. coli than Old World monkeys. This is why Dr. Roberts’ remarkable results were obtained in the rhesus monkey, Macaca mulatta, a New World monkey. He also undertook experiments in the cynomolgus monkey, Macacafascicularis and in the baboon, Papiopapio.

I apologize for my erroneous designation. The rest of my comments concerning the risk of cortical scars after acute renal E. coli infection in the Old World primate Homo sapiens remains valid.

Reference
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