Hemolysis-Induced Acute Renal Failure in Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglobinuria

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Dear Sir,

Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) is a rare acquired hematopoietic stem cell disorder characterized by chronic intra-vascular hemolysis and episodes of hemoglobinuria [1-3]. Acute renal failure (ARF) as a complication of PNH is uncommon and usually related to venous thrombosis [2, 3]. ARF due to acute tubular necrosis (ATN) during hemolysis or hemoglobinuria in PNH has been rarely reported [3, 4]. We describe a patient with PNH who developed such a complication and fully recovered on conservative treatment alone, without dialysis.

A 59-year-old woman was admitted for evaluation of fatigue, back pain and 2 episodes of dark urine. Her physical examination was unremarkable. Hemoglobin level was 6.0 g/dl, hematocrit 21%, white blood cell count 3 × 10V1 (with normal differential count), platelet count 133 × 10V1, mean corpuscular volume 121 fl and reticulocyte count 3%. Serum bilirubin was 2.5 mg/dl (indirect 1.4 mg/dl) and lactic dehydrogenase (LDH) 2,000 U (normal < 150 U). Serum haptoglobin was 0. Serum urea, creatinine, iron, TIBC (transferrin), vitamin B12, folic acid, erythrocyte glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) and hemoglobin electro-phoresis were normal. Coombs’ test was negative. Plasma hemoglobin level was 6.3 mg/dl (normal < 1.5 mg/dl). Leukocyte alkaline phosphatase (LAP) score was 4 U (normal 30-100). The bone marrow (BM) was hypo-cellular with erythroid megaloblastosis. A urine sample for myoglobin was negative. Ham and sucrose tests (performed 3 days after admission) were negative.

The patient received 3 U of packed RBC. Three days later, serum urea and creatinine levels rose to 300 and 11 mg/dl, respectively. Serum creatinine phosphokinase (CPK) was normal. Urine flow was 2,000 ml/day with no proteinuria. Urine reacted positively with orthotoluidine and its sediment showed no RBC or casts. Abdominal ultrasound was normal. Kidney biopsy showed focal tubulo-interstitial changes, including interstitial edema, tubular cell necrosis and tubular regeneration, as well as acellular tubular (proteinaceous) casts. Glomeruli were normal. These findings suggested pigment-induced ATN.

Conservative treatment with intravenous fluids, NaHCO3 and sodium polystyrene sul-fonate was initiated. The following days were characterized by disappearance of the back pain,
stabilization of hematocrit level and a decrease in serum creatinine level to 2.2 mg/dl a week later.
Pancytopenia, hemolytic anemia, normal serum vitamin B₁₂ and folate levels, hypocellular BM and low LAP score suggest the diagnosis of PNH despite the negative Ham and sucrose tests [1]. ARF complicating PNH is uncommon and is usually due to venous thromboembolism [5] which was excluded here. Ultrasonography ruled out pre- or post-renal azotemia. High serum indirect bilirubin and LDH and the complete absence of serum haptoglobin were consistent with hemolysis. High plasma hemoglobin level and dark urine indicated intravascular hemolysis with hemoglobinuria. Kidney biopsy confirmed the diagnosis of hemoglobin-induced ATN with renal failure.
PNH and ARF due to hemoglobinuria have been rarely reported [2, 3] and are often fatal [6, 7]. The pathogenesis of ARF due to intravascular hemolysis is not well understood. Possible association of whole blood transfusion, massive hemosiderin deposition, sludging of erythrocytes in the veins and capillaries and a direct tubulotoxic effect of hemoglobin have been suggested [3]. We believe that this rare and severe but potentially reversible complication of hemoglobin-induced ARF should be taken into consideration in patients with PNH.

References

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