In this era of Cellular Pathology, a knowledge of the cellular changes in disease has taken on a new importance. While much is known about the cells of squamous cell cancer in the uterine cervix and its antecedent lesions, knowledge of the cells originating in adenocarcinoma is more limited. This is a detailed analytical study of the cells which are derived from uterine adenocarcinoma. The cellular characteristics of the various types of adenocarcinoma are considered along with their significance. The effects of differentiation, extent, inflammation and necrosis are evaluated. The distinctive features of endometrial and endocervical adenocarcinoma are described as well as the cellular changes relating to adenocarcinoma, metastatic to the uterus.

Contents
Introduction
The Normal Endometrium
Normal Cells of Endometrial Origin
The Pathology of Endometrial Adenocarcinoma
The Cells of Endometrial Adenocarcinoma
Cellular Correlation with Grade and Extent of Adenocarcinoma
The Normal Uterine Cervix and its Cells
The Pathology of Cervical Adenocarcinoma
The Cells of Endocervical Adenocarcinoma
Cells Originating in Extrauterine Neoplasms

A Comparative Study of the Neoplastic Cells
References
S. KARGER  BASEL (Switzerland) NEW YORK