trial MTX treatment for an equivalent period of 6 months did not result in a clinical improvement in a total of 7 patients. Therefore, we hypothesize that a therapeutic attempt with MTX might only be promising in individual cases, but a strict adjustment of blood glucose levels and diabetes seems to be a more profound step in the prevention of progression and the causal therapy of SD. Adjunct physiotherapy should always be performed in order to improve joint mobility.

References

Announcement
Board Certification in Dermatopathology
http://www.icdpath.org

Under the auspices of the International Committee for Dermatopathology, the International Board of Dermatopathology will organize the Third Certifying Examination in Dermatopathology (Diploma in Dermatopathology) in Frankfurt/Main, Germany, on December 10, 2005.

Participating Societies:
International Society of Dermatopathology
European Society for Dermatopathology
Ibero-Latin American Society of Dermatopathology

For further information about this examination, please contact:
Helmut Kerl, MD
Medical University Graz
Auenbrugerplatz 8
AT–8036 Graz (Austria)
Tel. +43 316 385 2538
Fax +43 316 385 3424
E-Mail helmut.kerl@meduni-graz.at

or

Günter Burg, MD
Department of Dermatology
University Hospital Zürich
Gloriastrasse 31
CH–8091 Zürich (Switzerland)
Tel. +41 44 255 2550
Fax +41 44 255 4403
E-Mail burg@derm.unizh.ch